

NANOCOLOR® TOC 30 (REF 985075) and TOC 300 (REF 985078)

The determination of TOC is a high-precision measurement. Accurate working (e.g. pipetting) as well as proper storage of test kits and standards are required for save and reproducible results.

Working steps	Important notes
<b>Pipetting</b>	
<p>1 </p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pipette 5.0 mL (TOC 30)/0.5 mL (TOC 300) of homogenized sample into cuvette "1"</li> <li>Deviations are possible without homogenization</li> </ul>
<b>Removal of TIC</b>	
<p>2 </p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Insert opened cuvettes into TIC-Ex, start and remove the TIC for 5 min</li> <li>Blow out fluid residues from tips into cuvettes after removal process</li> <li>Deviations are possible without blowing out residues</li> </ul>
<p>3 </p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Close cuvette and mix</li> <li>Deviations are possible without mixing</li> </ul>
<b>Connecting – Perform steps 4–8 quickly, no parallel processing of different samples</b>	
<p>4 </p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mark cuvette "2" with included label</li> <li>Transfer 4 mL pre-treated solution from cuvette "1" into cuvette "2"</li> <li>Labeling avoids mixing up</li> </ul>
<p>5 </p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Close cuvette, shake vigorously for 10 s. Decomposition reagent must be dissolved completely</li> <li>Complete dissolution of decomposition reagent gives optimal digestion results</li> </ul>
<p>6 </p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Open indicator cuvette "3", immediately close it straight and hand-tight with threaded coupling</li> <li>Pay attention to orientation of the threaded coupling</li> <li>Cuvette must not remain open for too long as indicator reacts sensitively to CO<sub>2</sub> from air</li> </ul>
<p>7 </p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Open cuvette "2", immediately close it with the prepared indicator cuvette/threaded coupling-combination straight and hand-tight</li> <li>When contact of glass and sealing is established, a further quarter turn is enough. This way, the combination is sealed and stays straight</li> </ul>
<p>8 </p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pierce venting needle completely through the rubber septum of cuvette "3"</li> <li>Needles that are not pierced completely through the rubber septum can clog and change measuring results</li> </ul>

Working steps	Important notes
<b>Digestion and cooling</b>	
<p>9 </p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Heat cuvette combination for 1 h at 100 °C in a heating block</li> <li>Cuvette "2" has to be inserted in the heating block</li> </ul>
<p>10 </p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remove cuvette combination from the heating block after digestion process and immediately pull out venting needle</li> </ul>
<p>11 </p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Let cuvette combination cool down to room temperature for 1 h</li> <li>Adherence of the cooling time is important to ensure that an equilibrium of the indicator is established</li> </ul>
<b>Measuring</b>	
<p>12 </p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Put the round, gray label on the rubber septum</li> <li>Label seals the rubber septum reliably during the measurement and storage in box for disposal</li> </ul>
<p>13 </p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Clean NULL solution with cleaning cloth from the outside, afterwards insert into photometer</li> <li>Use respective cuvette slot cover for photometer</li> </ul>
<p>14 </p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Clean indicator cuvette "3" with cleaning cloth from the outside</li> </ul>
<p>15 </p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Invert cuvette combination</li> <li>Invert the cuvettes immediately before measurement</li> <li>Repeated turning can lead to deviations</li> </ul>
<p>16 </p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Insert cuvette combination with cuvette "3" turned down into photometer</li> <li>Use respective cuvette slot cover for photometer</li> </ul>